Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing atmospheric scintillation in a beam of light transmitted across a free space, the method comprising:
- (a) generating a substantially <u>single mode</u> phase incoherent beam of light <u>with a light</u> <u>emitting diode (LED);</u>
 - (b) collimating the phase incoherent beam of light; and
 - (c) propagating the phase incoherent collimated beam of light across the free space for long range communications transmission.
 - 2. (Canceled).
 - 3. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) generating the incoherent beam of light with a superluminescent light emitting diode.
 - 4. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) generating the incoherent beam of light with a fiber-optic coupled light emitting diode.
 - 5. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) generating the incoherent beam of light with a fiber-optic coupled superluminescent light emitting diode.
 - 6. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:

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- (a.1) amplifying the incoherent beam of light with a light amplifier.
- 7. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) amplifying the incoherent beam of light with an Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifier.
- 8. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) generating the incoherent beam of light with a bandwidth limiting light emitting diode.
 - 9. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
- (a.1) filtering the incoherent beam of light to generate an incoherent beam of light containing a reduced wavelength spectrum.
 - 10. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (a) further includes:
 - (a.1) bandwidth limiting the incoherent beam into a plurality of bandwidth channels.
 - 11. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (b) further includes:
 - (b.1) collimating the beam of light with a gradient index lens.
 - 12. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (b) further includes:
- (b.1) collimating the beam of light with one of a conventional optical lens and an optical mirror.
 - 13. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (c) further includes:
 - (c.1) focusing the beam of light onto a primary focal plane of a telescope.
 - 14. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (c) further includes:

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- (c.1) directing the optical beam towards an optical receiver using active pointing techniques.
 - 15. (Original) The method of 1, wherein step (c) further includes:
- (c.1) directing the optical beam towards an optical receiver using static pointing techniques.
 - 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - (d) externally modulating the single mode phase incoherent beam of light.
 - 17. (Original) The method of 16, wherein step (d) further includes:
 - (d.1) modulating the beam to encode data upon the beam of light.
 - 18. (Original) The method of 16, wherein step (d) further includes:
- (d.1) modulating the beam using an interferometer to toggle the light beam to at least one of on and off.
 - 19. (Original) The method of 16, wherein step (d) further includes:
 - (d.1) modulating wavelength division multiplexing channels within the beam of light.
 - 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - (e) receiving the incoherent beam from free space.
 - 21. (Original) The method of 20, wherein step (e) further includes:
 - (e.1) tracking the received beam of light using active pointing and tracking techniques.
 - 22. (Original) The method of 21, wherein step (e) further includes:

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- (e.1) detecting at least one of light and darkness within the received beam of light, thereby producing a received data stream.
 - 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein step (e.1) further includes:
 - (e.1.1) demodulating the received data stream.
- 24. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for transmitting a beam of light across a free space in a manner that reduces atmospheric scintillation in the transmitted beam of light, comprising:
- a light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source to generate a substantially <u>single mode</u> phase incoherent beam of light;
 - a collimating optics to collimate the beam of light; and
- a propagating optics to propagate the phase incoherent collimated beam of light across the free space.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of 24, wherein the light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source is a superluminescent light emitting diode.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of 24, wherein the light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source is a fiber-optic coupled light emitting diode.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of 24, wherein the light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source is a fiber-optic coupled superluminescent light emitting diode.
 - 28. (Original) The apparatus of 24, further comprising:
 - a light amplifier to amplify the incoherent beam of light.

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- 29. (Original) The apparatus of 28, wherein the light amplifier is an Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifier.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of 24, wherein the light <u>emitting diode</u> source is a bandwidth limiting light emitting diode.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of 24, wherein the light <u>emitting diode</u> source further includes:
 - a filter to bandwidth limit the generated incoherent beam
- 32. (Original) The apparatus of 24, wherein the collimating optics is a gradient index lens.
- 33. (Original) The apparatus of 24, wherein the collimating optics is one of a conventional optical lens and an optical mirror.
 - 34. (Original) The apparatus of 24, wherein the propagating optics is a telescope.
- 35. (Original) The apparatus of 24, wherein the propagating optics further includes: an active pointing and tracking module to control the direction in which the incoherent beam is propagated.
 - 36. (Original) The apparatus of 24, wherein the propagating optics further includes: a static pointing module to control the direction in which incoherent beam is propagated.
 - 37. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 24, further comprising:

 [[a]] an external modulator to modulate the phase incoherent beam of light.

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- 38. (Original) The apparatus of 37, wherein the modulator further includes: an encoding module to encode data upon the beam of light.
- 39. (Original) The apparatus of 37, wherein the modulator is an interferometer to toggle the light beam to at least one of on and off.
- 40. (Original) The apparatus of 37, wherein the modulator further includes: a wavelength division multiplexing module to modulate wavelength division multiplexing channels within the beam of light.
- 41. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for receiving a collimated phase incoherent beam of light from a free space, comprising:
- a receiving lens to receive the collimated <u>single mode</u> phase incoherent beam from free space; and
- a light detector to detect at least one of light and darkness within the received phase incoherent beam of light, thereby producing a received data stream.
 - 42. (Original) The apparatus of claim 41, further comprising: a demodulation module to demodulate the received data stream.
 - 43. (Original) The apparatus of claim 41, further comprising:
- a tracking module to track the received beam of light using active pointing and tracking techniques.
- 44. (Currently Amended) A transmitter for use in an optical light beam data link capable of transmitting a beam of light across a free space in a manner that reduces atmospheric

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scintillation in the transmitted beam of light <u>for long range communications transmission</u>, comprising:

- a light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source to generate a substantially <u>single mode</u> phase incoherent beam of light;
 - [[a]] <u>an external</u> modulator to encode data upon the phase incoherent beam of light; and a collimating optics to collimate the incoherent beam of light;

wherein the light <u>emitting diode (LED)</u> source is a fiber-optic coupled superluminescent light emitting diode.

- 45. (Original) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising:
- a propagating optics to propagate the phase incoherent collimated beam of light across the free space.
 - 46. (Original) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising:
- a pointing module to point the transmitted beam of light using active pointing and tracking techniques in the direction of an intended receiver.